



PBL Netherlands Environmental
Assessment Agency

Vesta

Netherlands energy
assessment model for the
built-up environment

3-5-2011 | Rob Folkert



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- ✓ There is a large profitable potential for sustainable heat with increasing energy prices in the Netherlands
- ✓ Energy savings and sustainable heat compete
- ✓ Energy prices make the difference



Content

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- Scenario
- Results

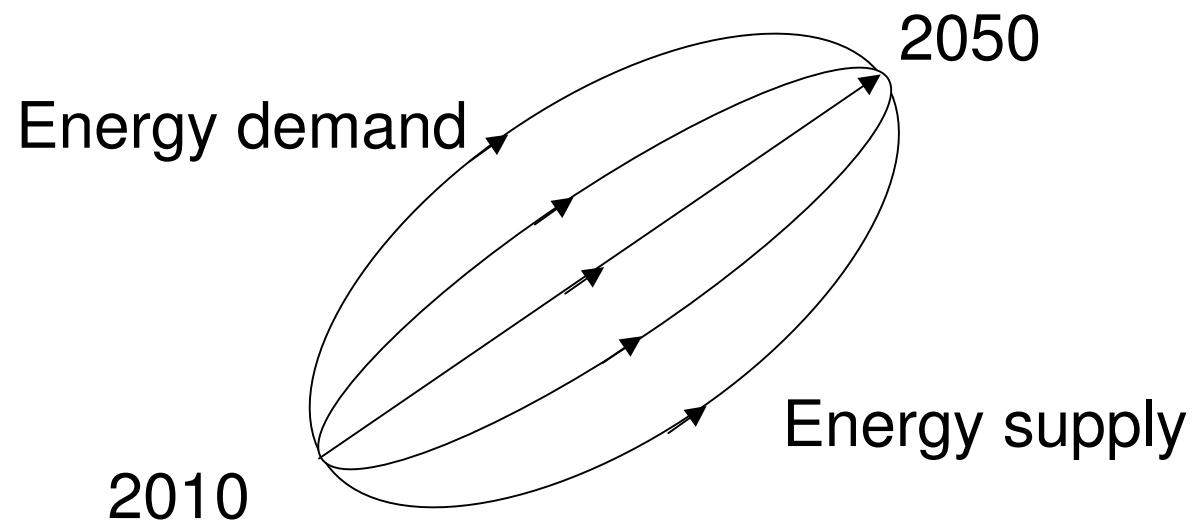
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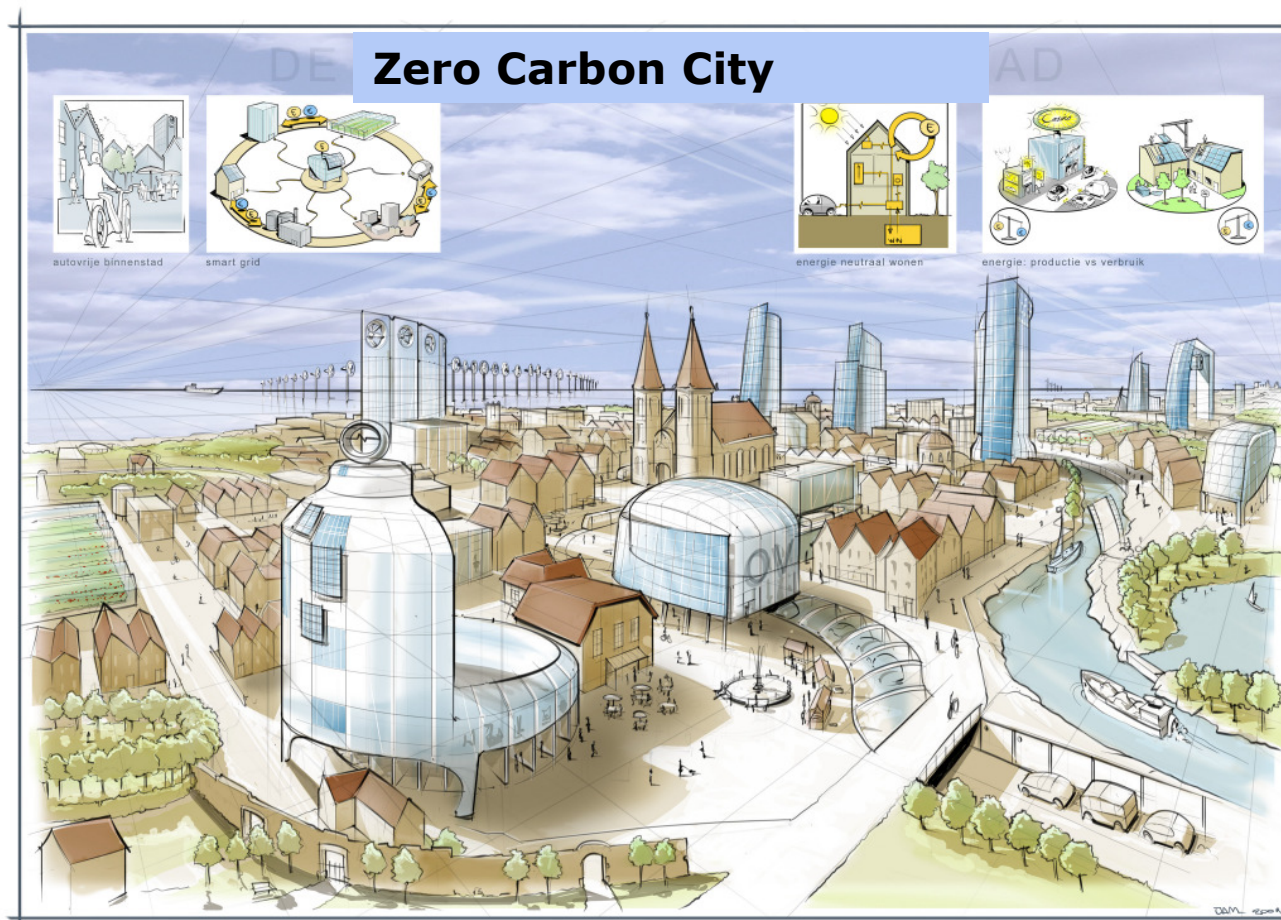
Purpose

Purpose of the model

- Explore long term low-carbon routes



Technologies for zero carbon cities 2050



Building level:

- Insulation
- Heat pump
- Sun PV
- Solar water

Local level:

- Residual heat
- Geothermal heat
- Heat & Cold storage
- CHP

Other

- Green gas
- Waste
- Wind farms



Functionality & Design



Functionality

1. Technical CO₂-reduction potential

- Energy savings
- Sustainable energy/heat

2. Societal barriers and effect on CO₂-reduction potential

- Institutional: Lack of volume heat demand (social housing corporations; house owners)
- Financial: Low incomes who cannot finance measures
- Institutional: Lack of knowledge small companies



Model design: energy demand

Houses

(type, year of
construction)

Utility

(m², company
type)

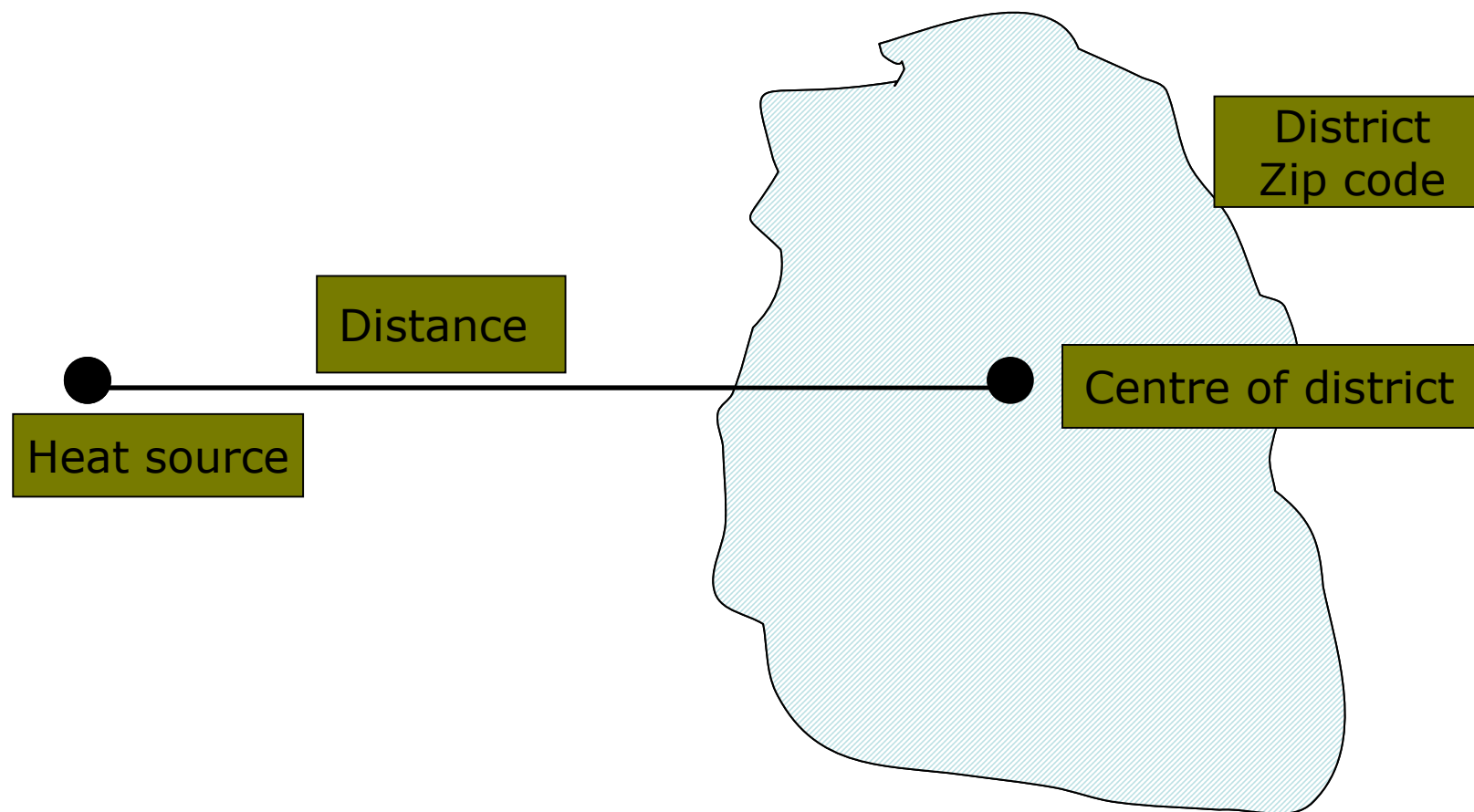
Horticulture

(hectare, type
cultivation)

	Space heating	Hot water	Electrical equipment
Demand energy	#	#	#
Efficiency building	X		
Efficiency equipment	X	X	X

Cost of measures

Calculation rentability local heat options





Data

Houses



woningtype	
[woningtype]	
onbekend	0
vrijstaand/bungalows	79947
twee onder een kap	51778
rijtshuizen/eengezins	227900
flats 4 of minder verdiepin	33088
flats meer dan 4 verdiepin	14186
etagewoning/maisonnettes	20524
etage/flats grachtenpand	1933
herenhuis grachtenpand	6014
zelfstandige bejaardenwo	7099
boerderij/tuinderij	13351



Utility



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Glass houses

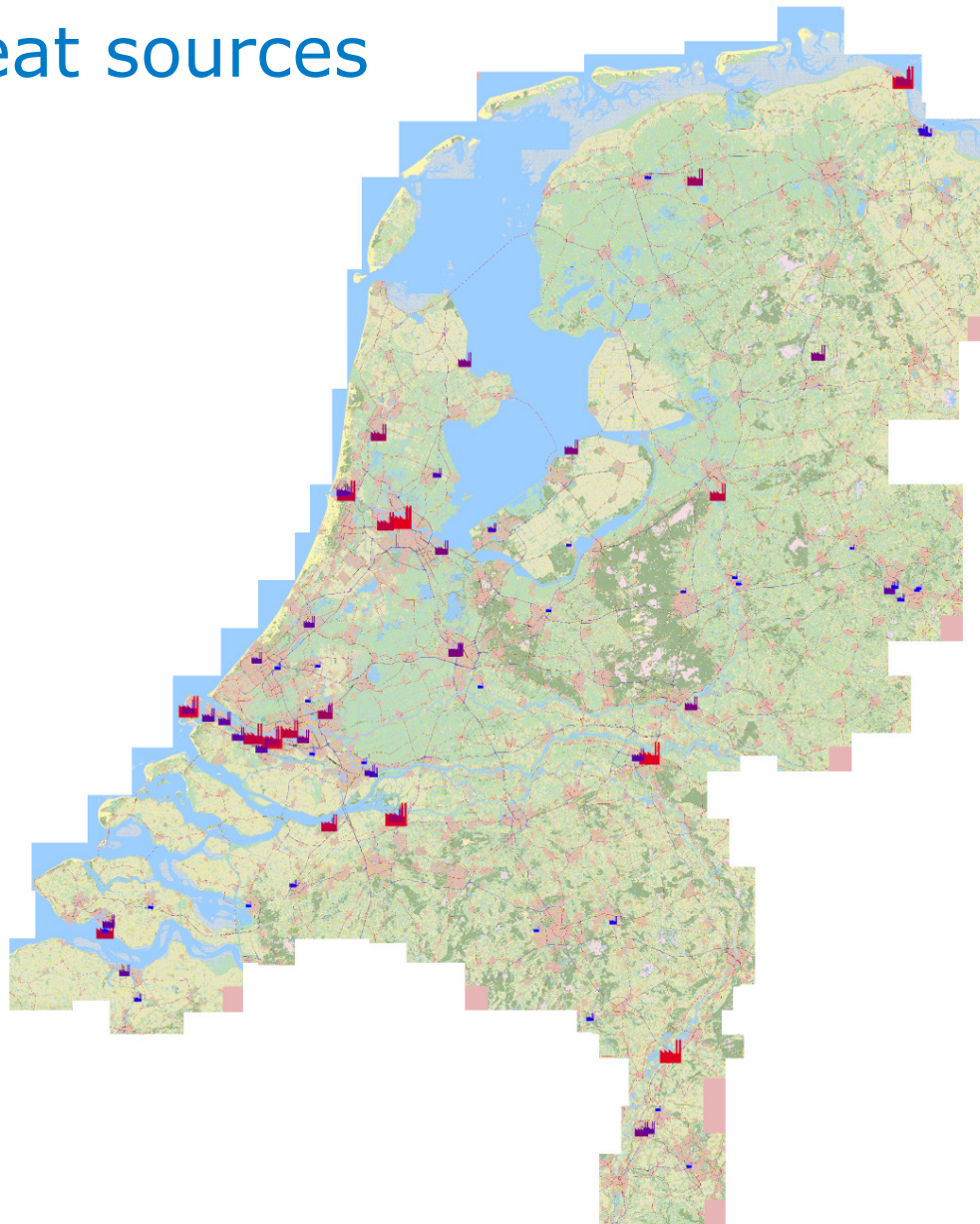


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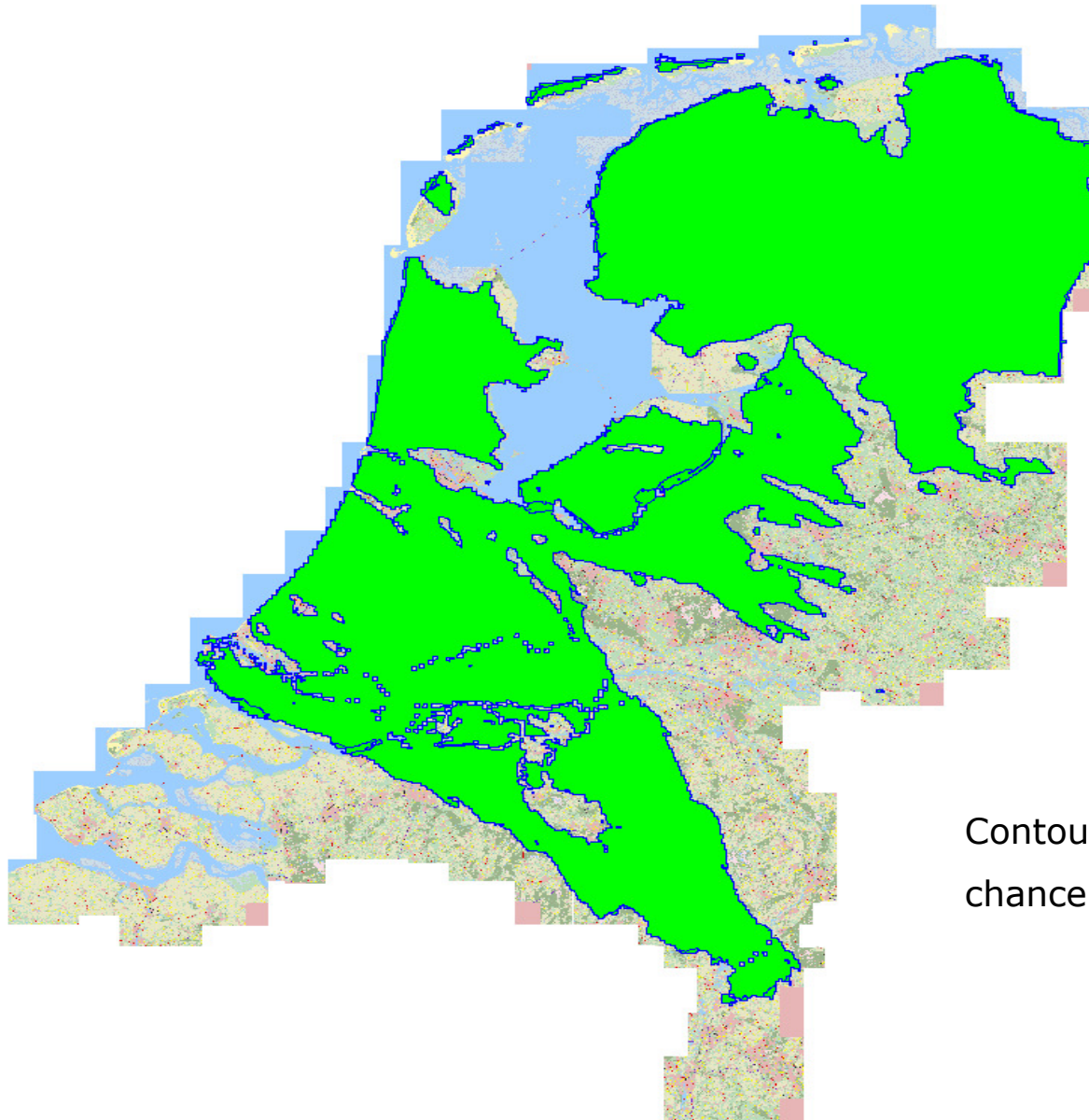
Residual heat sources



Geothermal contour

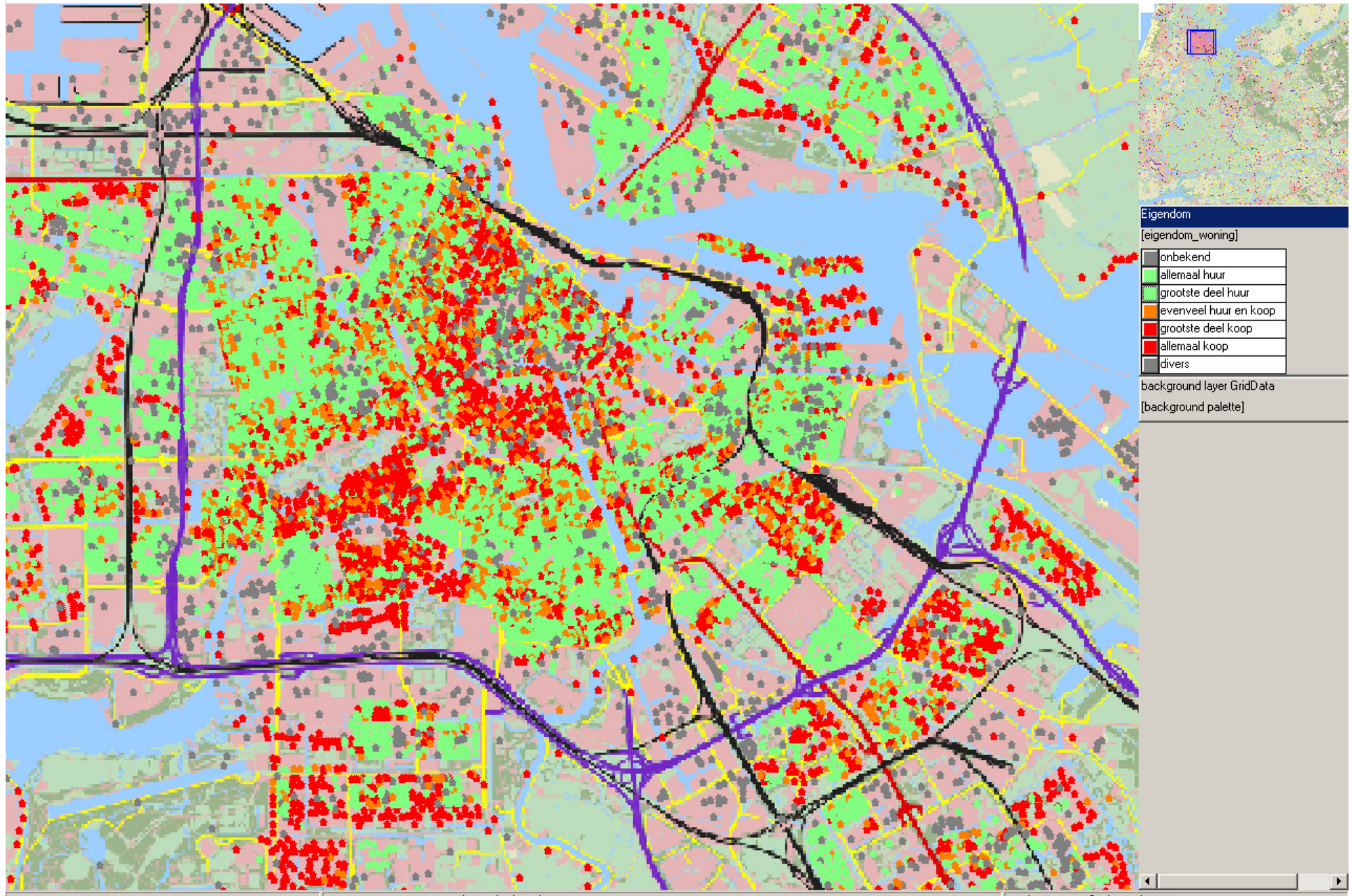


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Contour based on 20%
chance for a successful drilling

Selection: Owned and rented houses Amsterdam





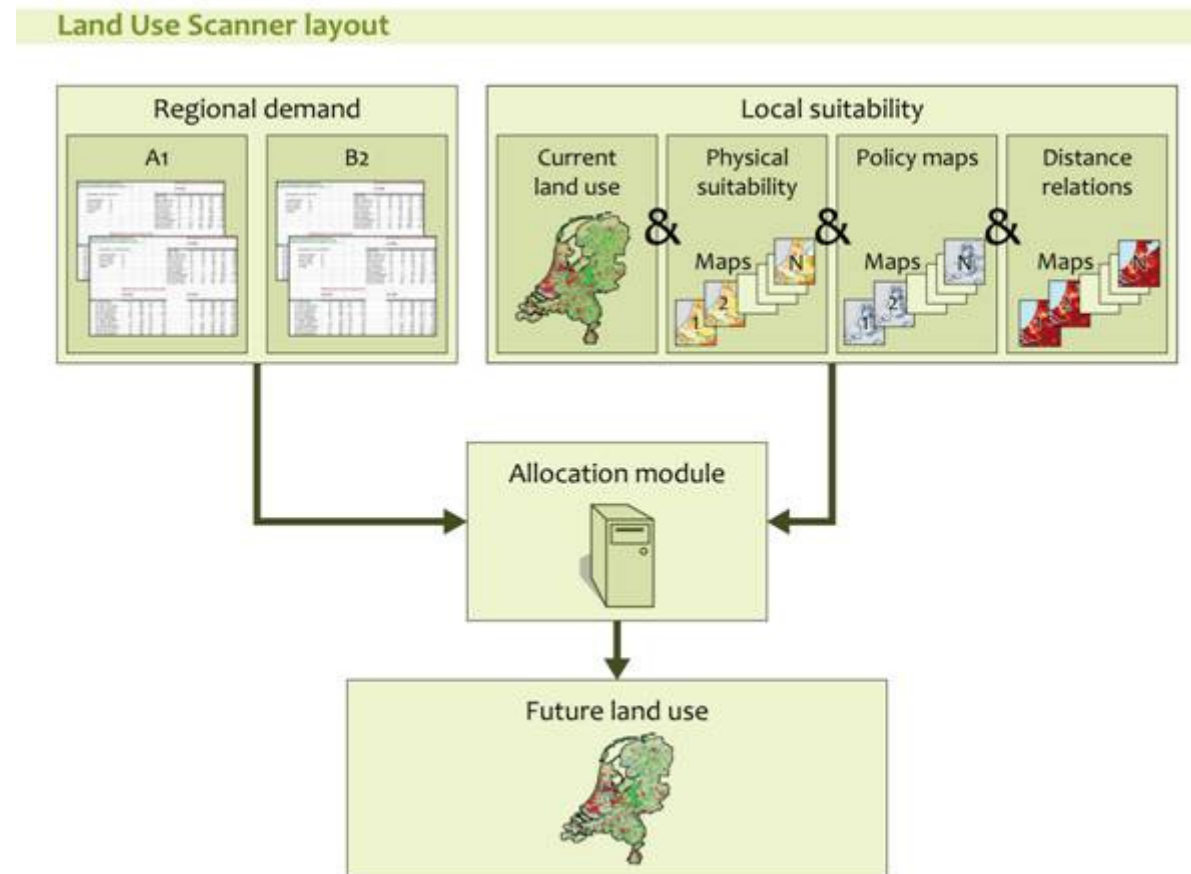
Scenario



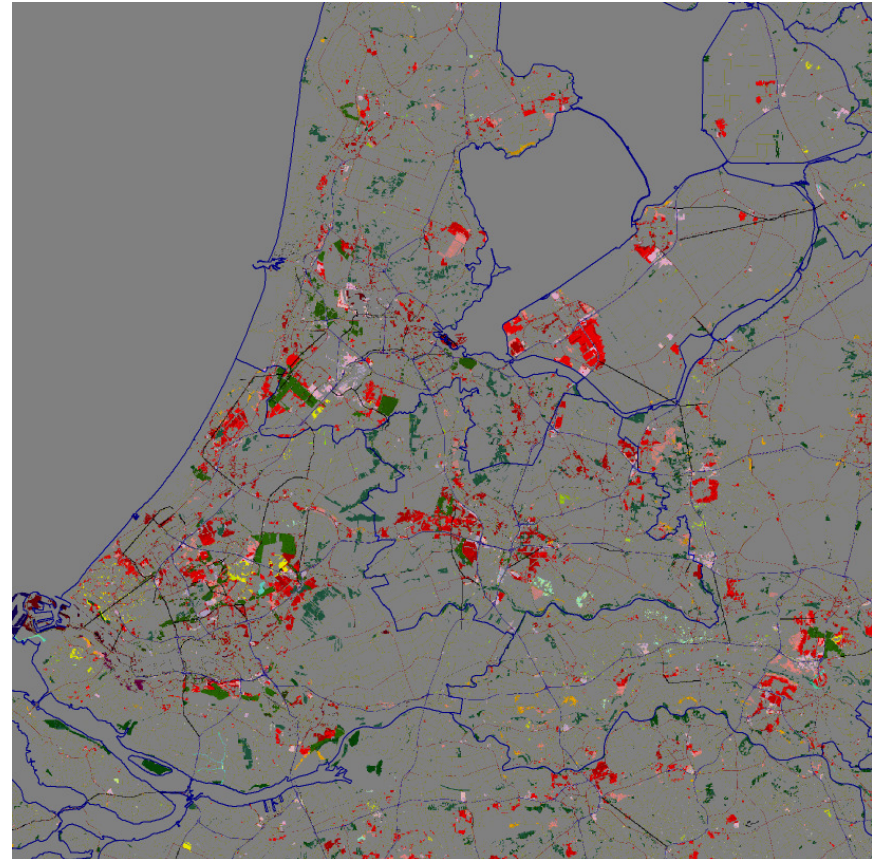
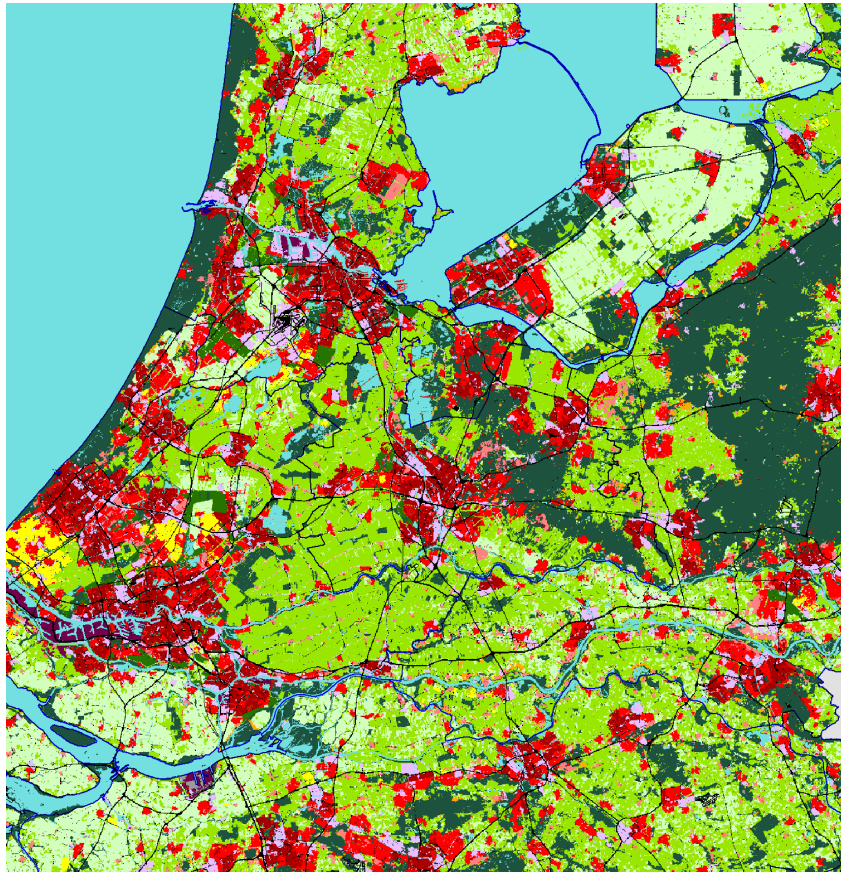
Four scenarios

	Global Economy	Strong Europe	Transatlantic Market	Regional Communities
Inhabitants (mln)	19,7	18,9	17,1	15,8
Households (mln)	10,1	8,6	8,5	7
BBP (2001=100)	221	156	195	133
Demolition (mln)	1,3	0,9	1	0,7
Utility (commercial sites)	+43%	+18%	+23%	-3%
Horticulture	+60%	-15%	+5%	-45%
Climate change (°C)	1.3-1.5			

Scenarios: Land use scanner



Future land use changes urbanization: Growth

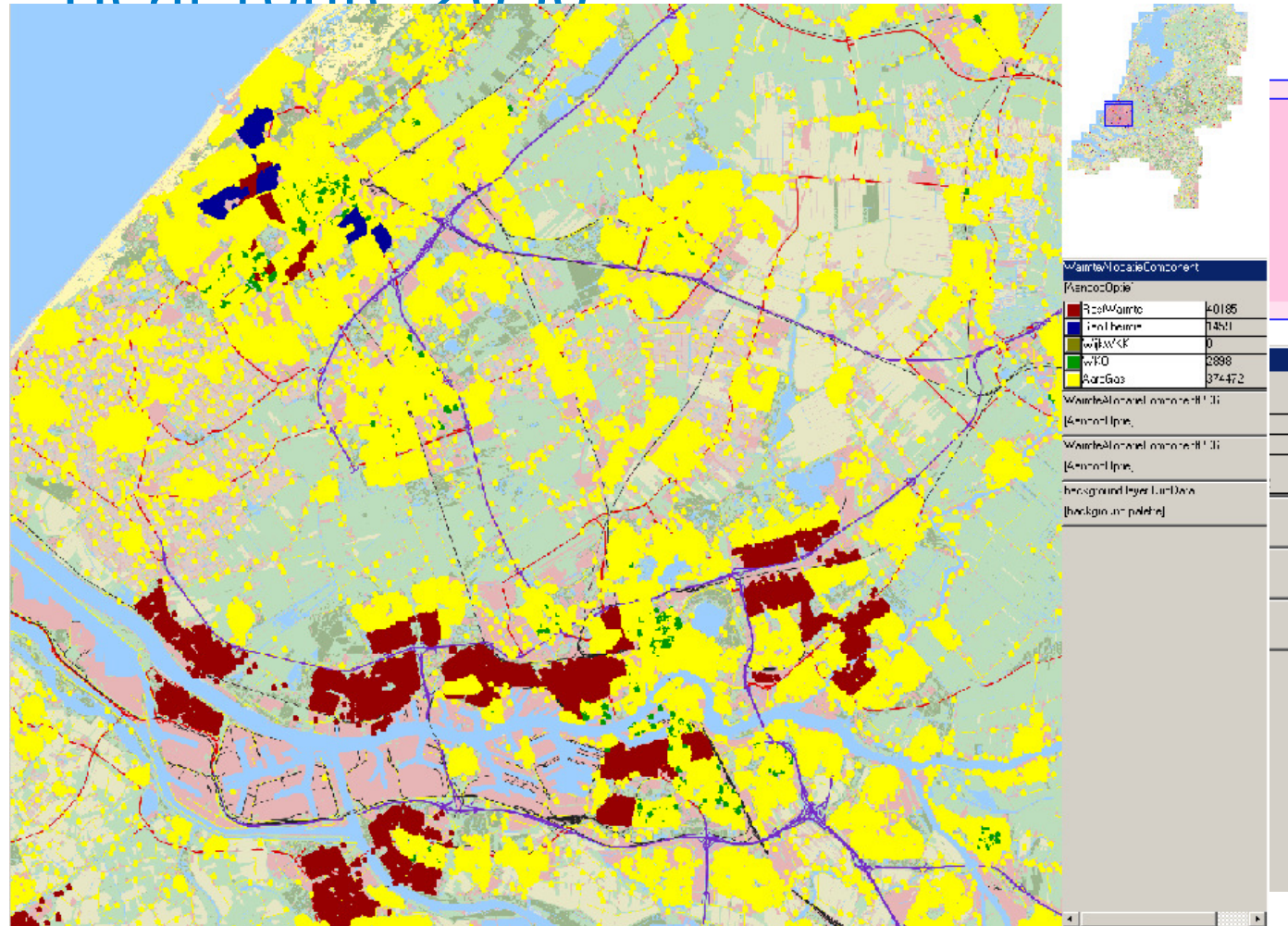




Results

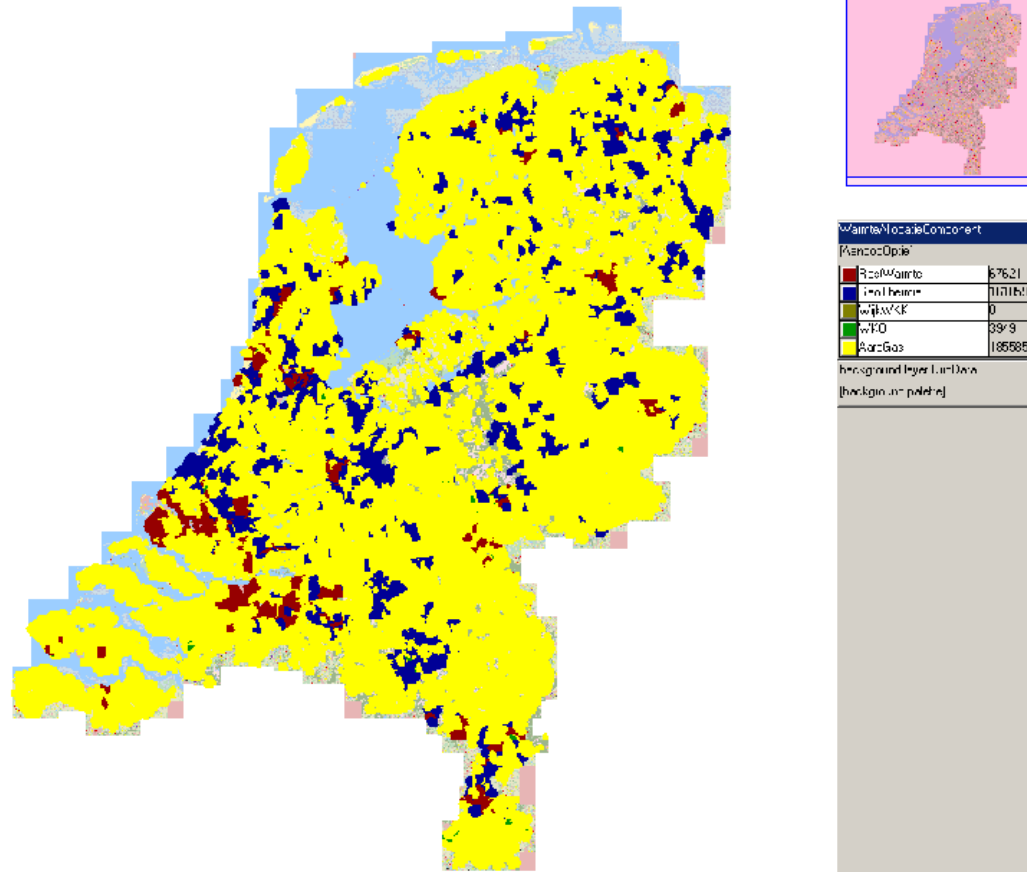
- First preliminary results based on geothermal contour map with 20% chance for a successful drilling

Supply: Heat route 2050



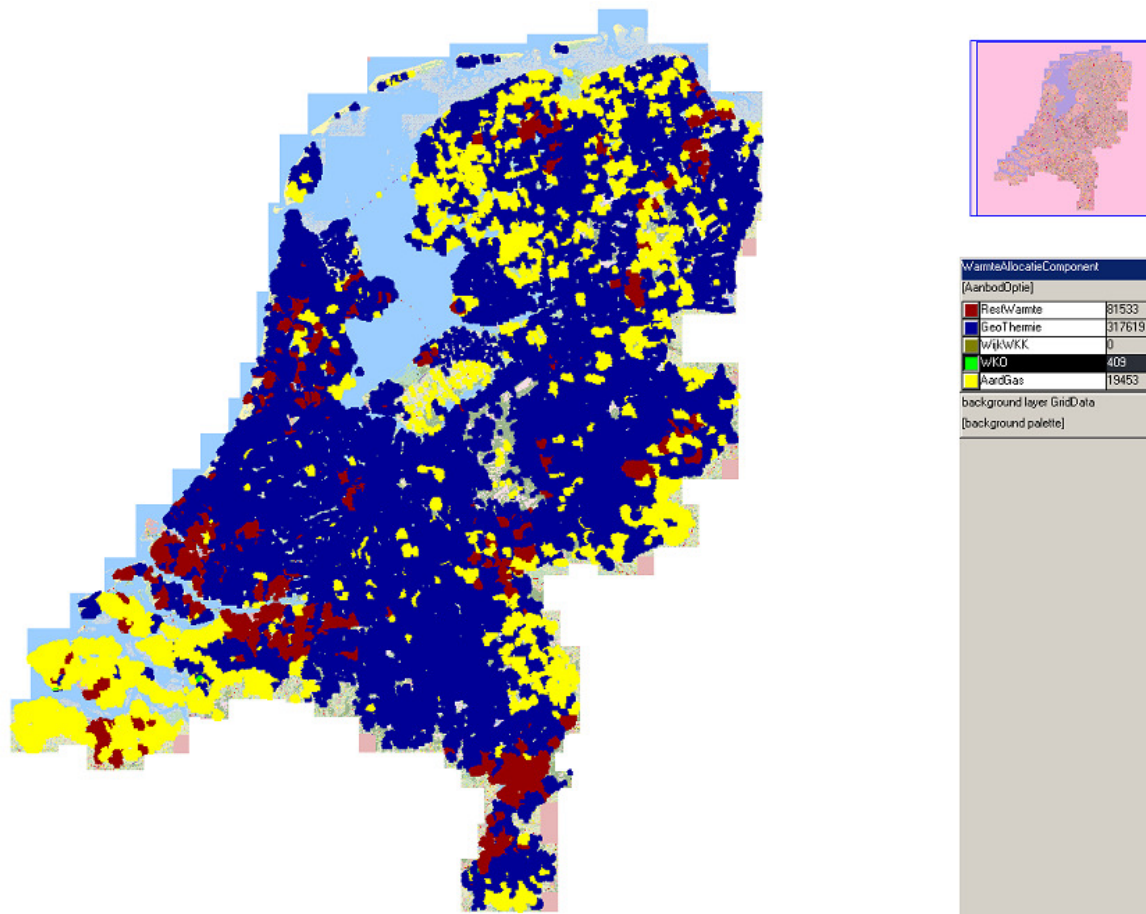


Supply: Heat option high energy prices (x2) 2050

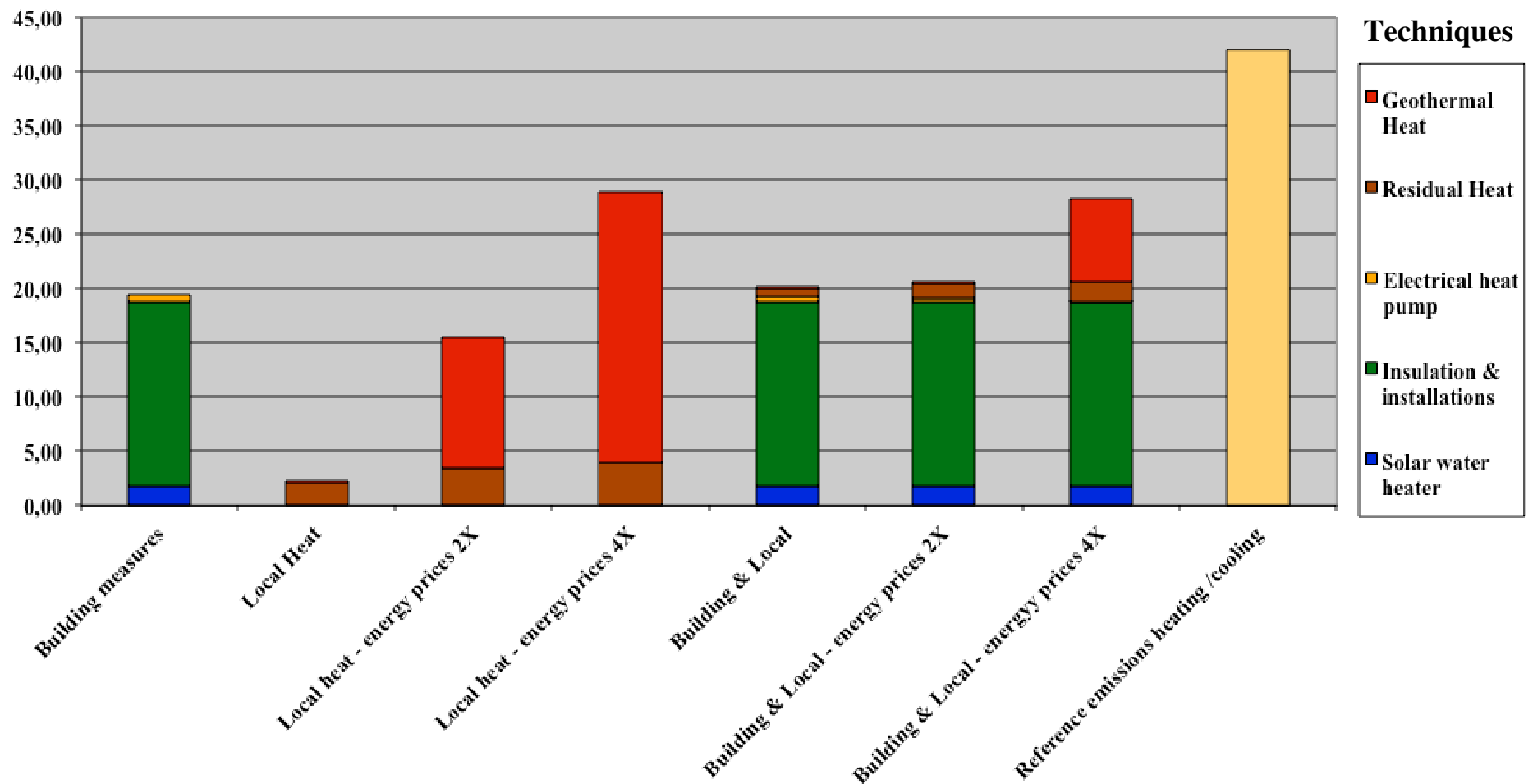




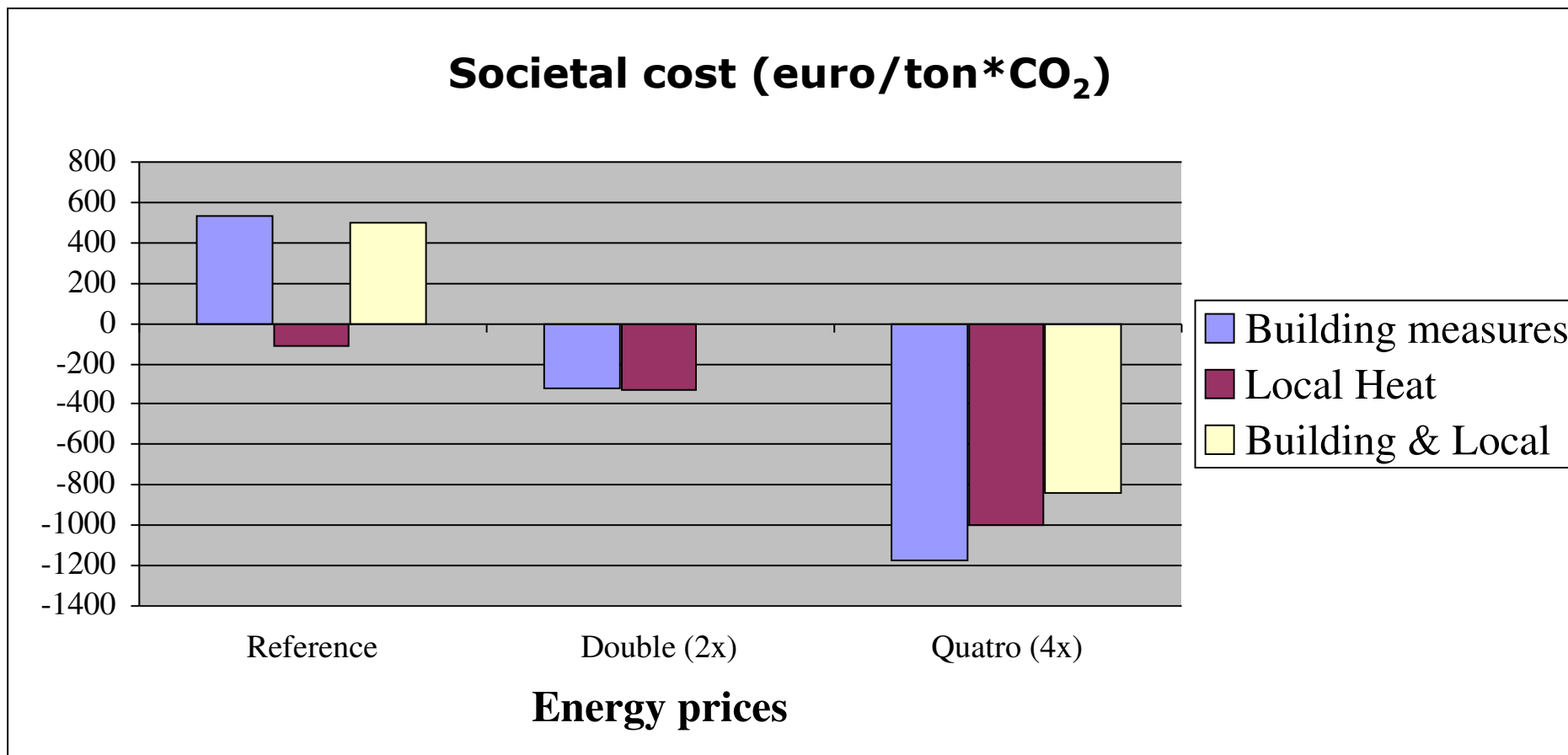
Supply route: Heat option high energy prices (x4) 2050



CO₂ reduction 2050 (MTon)



Costs and benefits different routes 2050





Preliminary results

- ✓ There is a large profitable potential for sustainable heat with increasing energy prices in the Netherlands
- ✓ Energy savings and sustainable heat compete
- ✓ Energy prices make the difference for the profitability of measures