











REGIONS 2020

An Assessment of Future Challenges for EU Regions

Regional Vulnerability to Global Challenges











Tasks: Regions 2020

- ▶ Regional vulnerabilities (NUTS 2) in the thematic fields:
 - Globalisation
 - Demographic change
 - Climate Change
 - Secure, sustainable and competitive energy
 - Social polarisation
- Show the effects of "multiple challenges"
- include the EU neighbourhood
- Show the effects of the economic crisis











The Team (thematic responsibilities)



Globalisation



Demographic Change



Bundesamt für Bauwesen und Raumordnung



Secure, Sustainable and Competitive Energy



Climate Change



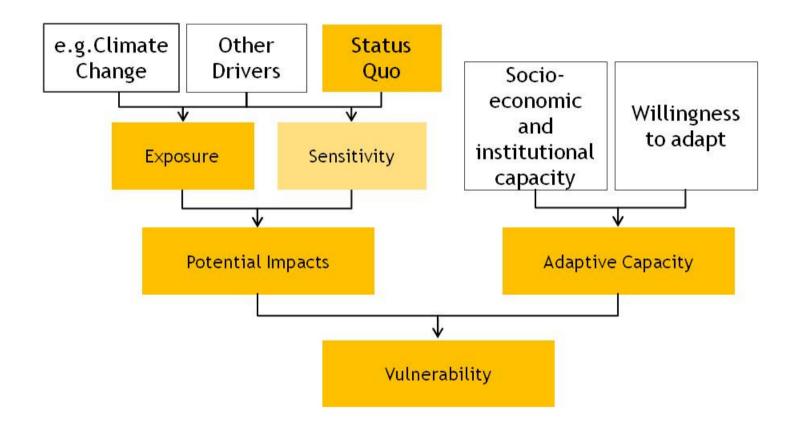








The concept of vulnerability







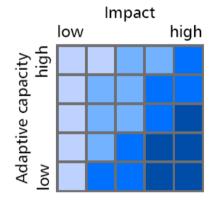






Methodology

- Picturing the situation in Europe through normalised indicators
- Description of the impact by logical combinations
- Combination of impact and adaptive capacity with vulnerability matrix



▶ Calculation of a cluster analysis for each challenge and all challenges in total





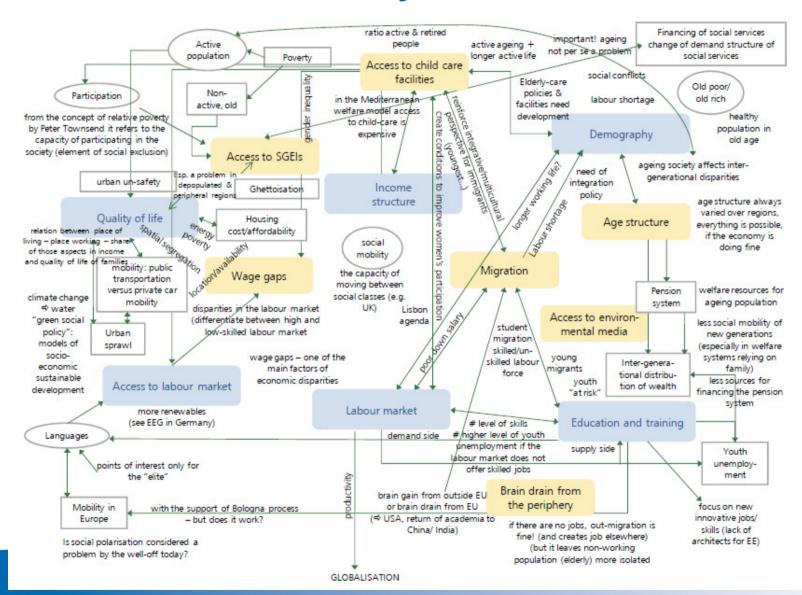








Social Polarisation – the systemic overview



Access to SGEIs - Vulnerability



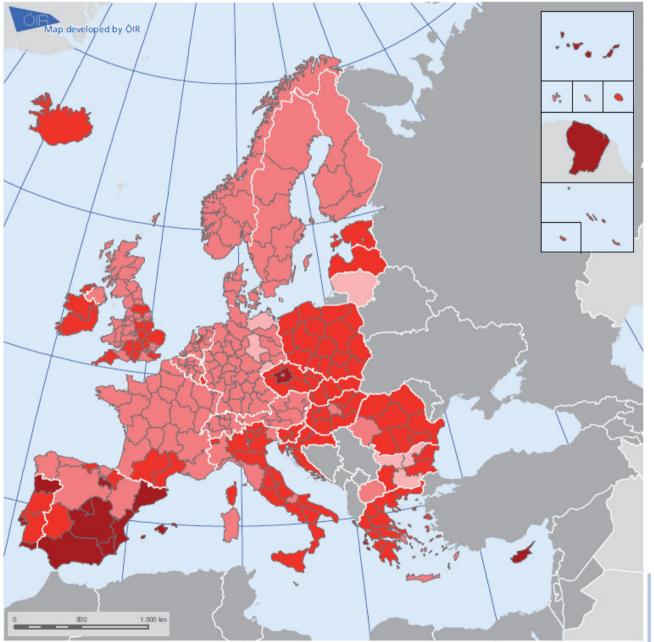


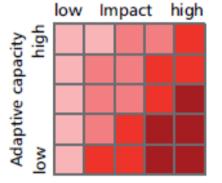












Indicators describing adaptive capacity:

- Health care expenditures per capita
- GDP per capita

most vulnerable regions

vulnerable regions

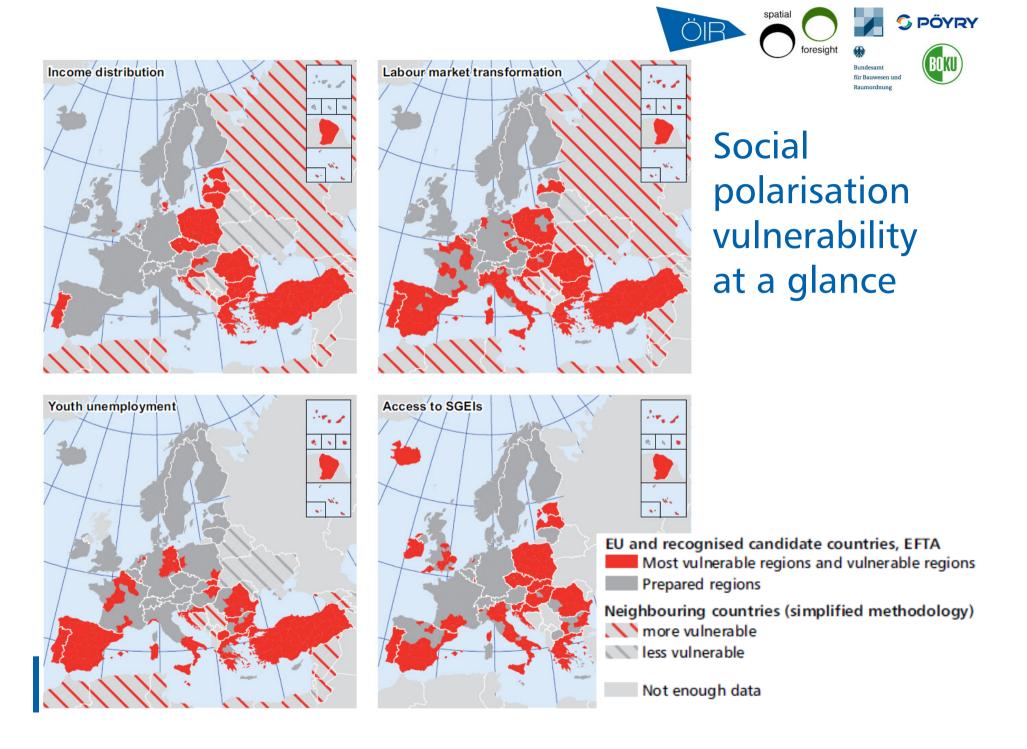
prepared regions

low impact regions

not enough data

Indicators describing exposure:

- Hospital beds / 100.000 capita
- Physicans or doctors / 100.000 capita
- Expenditures for elderly care in % of GDP
- Road density
- Children in pre-primary education Indicators describing sensitivity:
- Population development 2001-2007



Social Polarisation – Integrated vulnerability



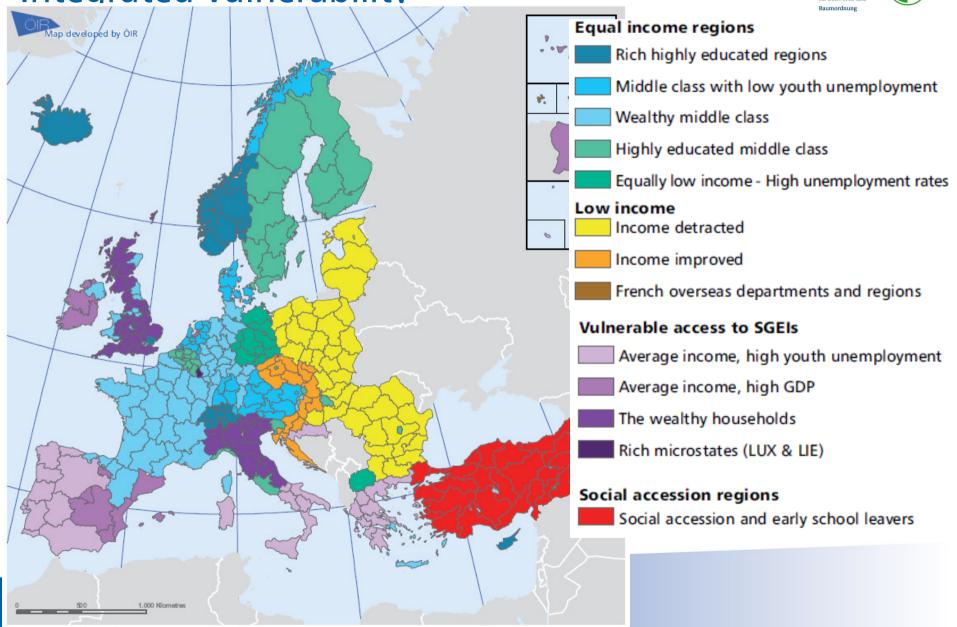












Integrated vulnerability



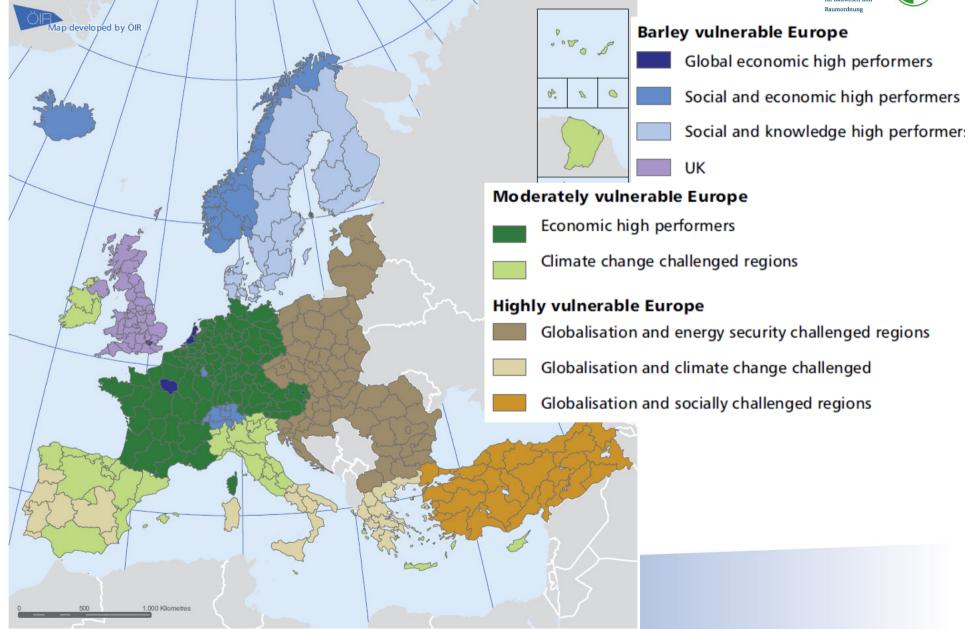












European macro regions, challenges and growth strategies





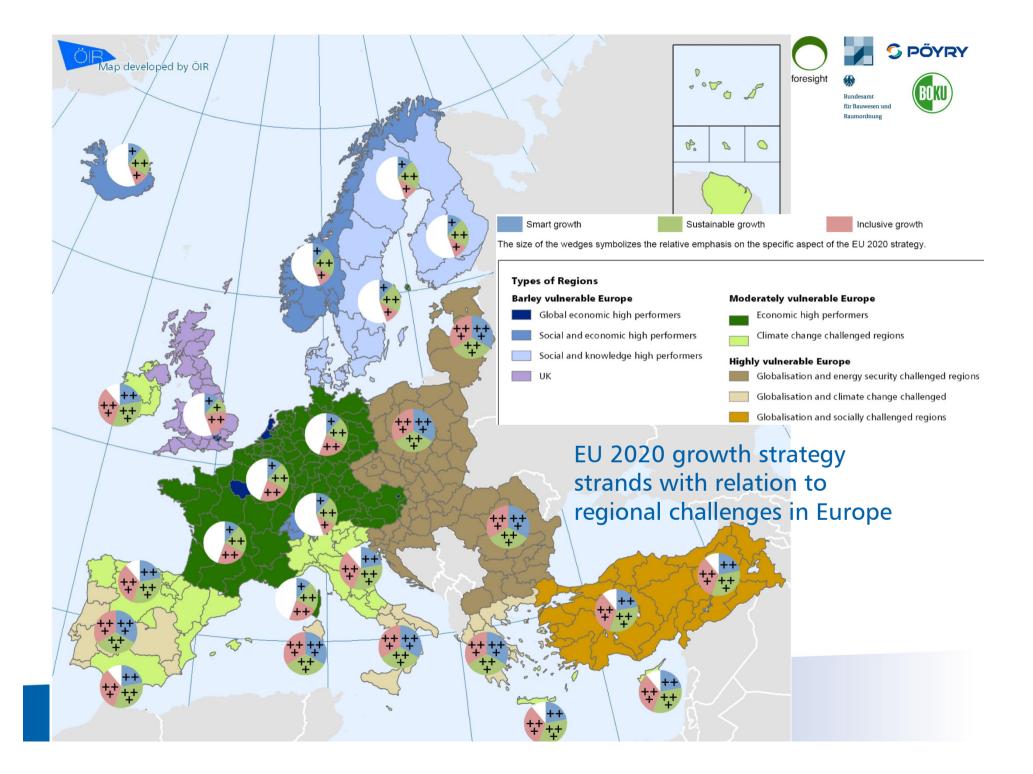








Challenges Macro regions	Globalisation	Demographic change	Climate change	Secure, sustainable and comp. energy	Social polarisation	Smart growth	Sustainable growth	Inclusive growth	growth strategies Present cohesion policy objective
Barely vulnerable – global economic high performers	+	+	++	+	+	+	++	++	Competitiveness and Employment Regions
Barely vulnerable – social and economic high performers	+	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	Competitiveness and Employment Regions (mostly third countries)
Barely vulnerable – social and knowledge high performers	++	+	+	+	+	+	++	+	Mostly Competitiveness and Employment Regions
Barely vulnerable UK	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	++	Mostly Competitiveness and Employment Regions
Moderately vulnerable – economic high performers	+	++	++	++	++	+	++	++	Mostly Competitiveness and Employment Regions
Moderately vulnerable – climate change challenged regions	++	++	+++	++	++	++	+++	+++	Mostly Competitiveness and Employment Regions
Highly vulnerable – globalisation and energy security challenged regions	+++	++	++	+++	++	+++	+++	+++	Mostly Convergence Regions
Highly vulnerable – globalisation and climate change challenged	+++	++	+++	++	++	+++	+++	+++	Mixed Convergence and Competitiveness and Employment Regions
Highly vulnerable – globalisation and socially challenged regions	+++	++	+++	+++	+++	++	+++	+++	Candidate country
, Barely challenged/basic emphasis	Moderately challenge/average emphasis on							is on	Highly challenged/high emphasis



Demographic change



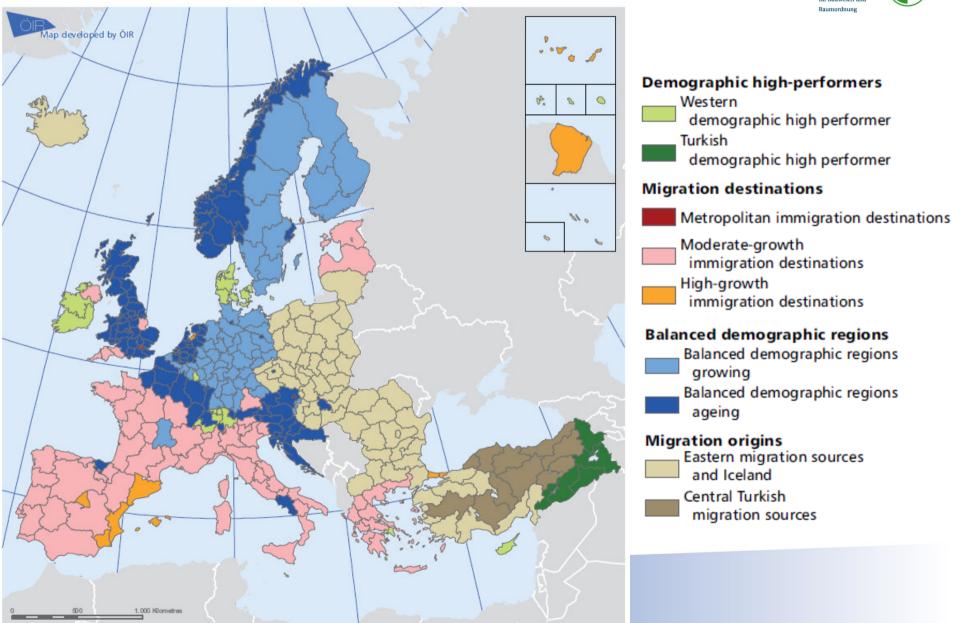












Climate Change













